

Unit 4.4 Easter: Betrayal and Trust

Overview of unit

The aim of this unit is to:

- Give children the opportunity to reflect upon the importance of power and the effect of betrayal, trust and forgiveness.
- Deepen pupil's understanding of the concept of salvation
- Focus on the significance of the incidents of betrayal and trust in the Easter story.

Key Questions

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• What is trust?• How do we show trust?• Who do we trust? Why?• Why is trust important?• Why did Judas betray Jesus? | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• What does it mean to betray someone?• How does it feel to be betrayed?• What is forgiveness?• Have you ever forgiven someone?• Have you experienced being forgiven? |
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Key Vocabulary

trust	A firm belief in the reliability, truth or ability of someone or something
betrayal	To be gravely disloyal. The act of betraying one's country, a group or person.
forgiveness	In the Bible: God's promise not to count our sins against us. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• To stop blaming or being angry with someone for something that person has done, or not punish them for something
Judas	One of Jesus' twelve disciples. Betrayed Jesus for 30 pieces of silver.
loyalty	The quality of being loyal; a strong feeling of support or allegiance.
Peter	One of Jesus' twelve disciples and one of the first leaders of the early Christian church.
Gethsemane	A garden at the foot of the Mount of Olives in Jerusalem. Where Jesus was betrayed and arrested.
Jerusalem	One of the oldest cities in the world. The capital of Israel. A holy city for Judaism, Christianity and Islam.

Key Knowledge and Understanding: What will we be learning about in this unit?

By the end of this unit pupils will know that:

- trust and forgiveness are key Christian values.
- the incidents of betrayal and trust in the Easter story are significant to the outcome.
- the events of Holy Week and Easter are key to understanding what Jesus came to earth to do – God's salvation plan.
- Christians believe that they can trust Jesus.

By the end of this unit pupils are expected to be able to:

- identify and explain the significance of the incidents of betrayal and trust in the Easter story.
- ask good questions about people's values and commitments
- use religious vocabulary to make links between Christian beliefs and the stories of Lent, Holy Week and Easter.
- use religious vocabulary to describe and talk about the importance of forgiveness in Christianity.
- Describe and show understanding of the Christian value of forgiveness in relation to the story of Peter.

Christian concepts

God – Creation – Fall – People of God – Incarnation – Gospel – **SALVATION**
– Kingdom of God

Christian values

Truth
Forgiveness
Hope
Reconciliation